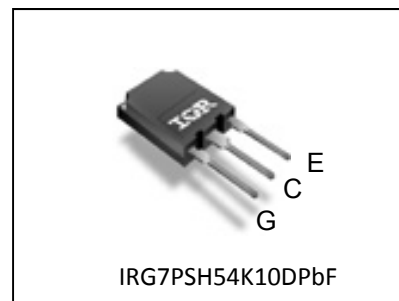
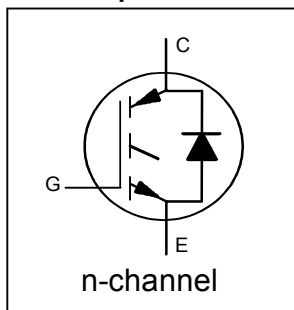


$V_{CES} = 1200V$
$I_C = 65A, T_C = 100^\circ C$
$t_{SC} \geq 10\mu s, T_{J(max)} = 150^\circ C$
$V_{CE(ON)} \text{ typ.} = 1.9V @ I_C = 50A$

**Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor with Ultrafast Soft Recovery Diode**



G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

**Applications**

- Industrial Motor Drive
- UPS
- Solar Inverters
- Welding

Features	Benefits
Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and switching losses	High efficiency in a Wide Range of Applications
$10\mu s$ Short Circuit SOA	Rugged Transient Performance
Square RBSOA	Increased Reliability
Maximum Junction Temperature $150^\circ C$	Excellent Current Sharing in Parallel Operation
Positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ Temperature Coefficient	

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRG7PSH54K10DPbF	Super-247	Tube	25	IRG7PSH54K10DPbF

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	120	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	65	
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE}=20V$	200	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE}=20V$ ①	200	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	25	
$V_{GE}$	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 30$	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	520	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	210	
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +150	C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N·m)	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ②	—	—	0.24	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode) ②	—	—	0.70	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	—	40	

**Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)**

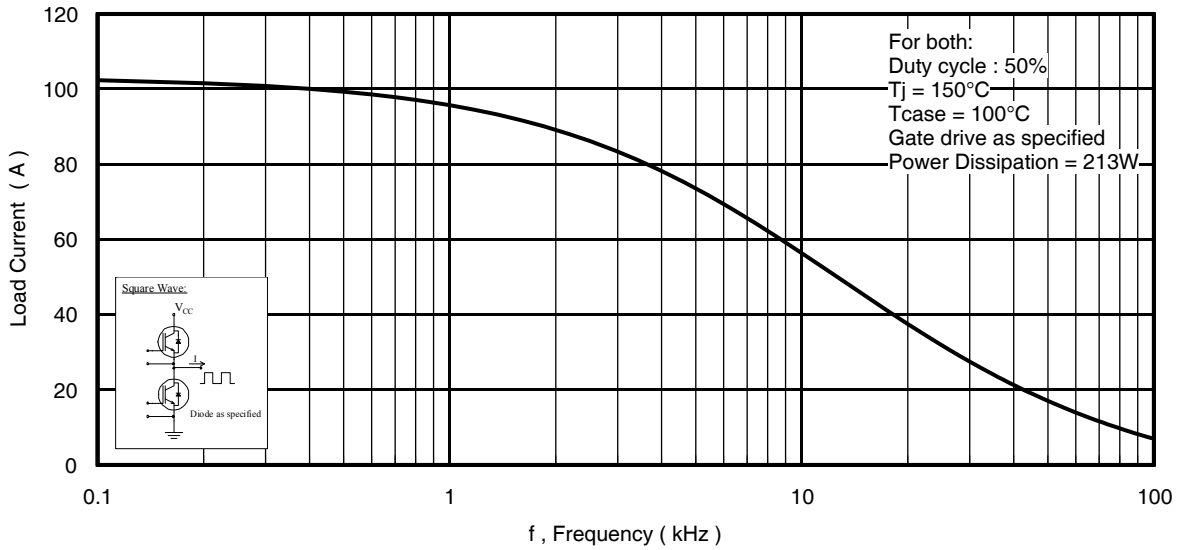
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA ③
ΔV <sub>(BR)CES</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.3	—	V/°C	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 5mA (25°C-150°C)
V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.9	2.4	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
		—	2.4	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	5.0	—	7.5	V	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 2.4mA
ΔV <sub>GE(th)</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Threshold Voltage Temperature Coeff.	—	-15	—	mV/°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 2.4mA (25°C-150°C)
g <sub>fe</sub>	Forward Transconductance	—	36	—	S	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, PW = 20μs
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.0	45	μA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1200V
		—	1800	—		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1200V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±200	nA	V <sub>GE</sub> = ±30V
V <sub>F</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	2.5	3.5	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 16A
		—	2.1	—		I <sub>F</sub> = 16A, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C

**Switching Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)**

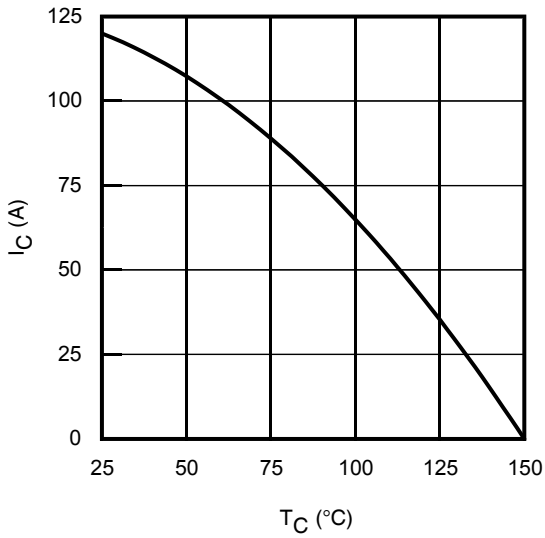
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max④	Units	Conditions
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	290	435	nC	I <sub>C</sub> = 50A V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V
Q <sub>ge</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	60	90		
Q <sub>gc</sub>	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	130	195		
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	4.8	5.7	mJ	I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V R <sub>G</sub> = 5Ω, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	2.8	3.7		
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	7.6	9.4		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	—	110	130	ns	Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	—	80	105		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	—	490	520		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	—	70	90		
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	6.8	—	mJ	I <sub>C</sub> = 50A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V R <sub>G</sub> = 5Ω, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	4.7	—		
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	11.5	—		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On delay time	—	85	—	ns	Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery ⑤⑥
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	—	90	—		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off delay time	—	490	—		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	—	290	—		
C <sub>ies</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	5700	—	pF	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V f = 1.0Mhz
C <sub>oes</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	290	—		
C <sub>res</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	150	—		
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C, I <sub>C</sub> = 200A V <sub>CC</sub> = 960V, V <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1200V V <sub>GE</sub> = +20V to 0V
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	—	—	μs	T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V, V <sub>p</sub> ≤ 1200V V <sub>GE</sub> = +15V to 0V
E <sub>rec</sub>	Reverse Recovery Energy of the Diode	—	640	—	μJ	T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
t <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	170	—	ns	V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V, I <sub>F</sub> = 16A
I <sub>rr</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	25	—	A	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, R <sub>g</sub> = 5Ω

**Notes:**

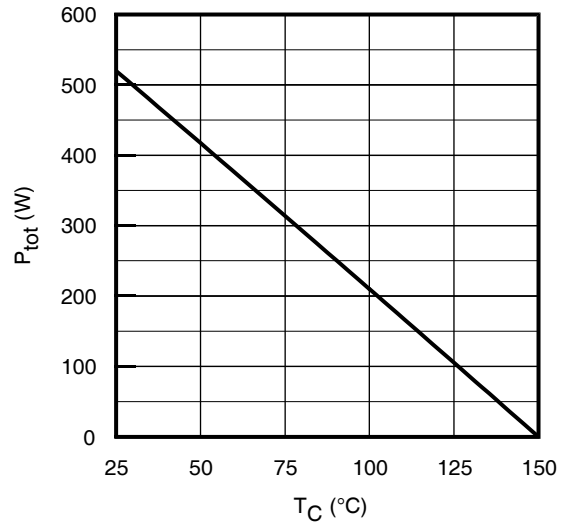
- ① V<sub>CC</sub> = 80% (V<sub>CES</sub>), V<sub>GE</sub> = 20V
- ② R<sub>θ</sub> is measured at T<sub>J</sub> of approximately 90°C.
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring V<sub>(BR)CES</sub> safely.
- ④ Maximum limits are based on statistical sample size characterization.
- ⑤ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑥ Values influenced by parasitic L and C in measurement.



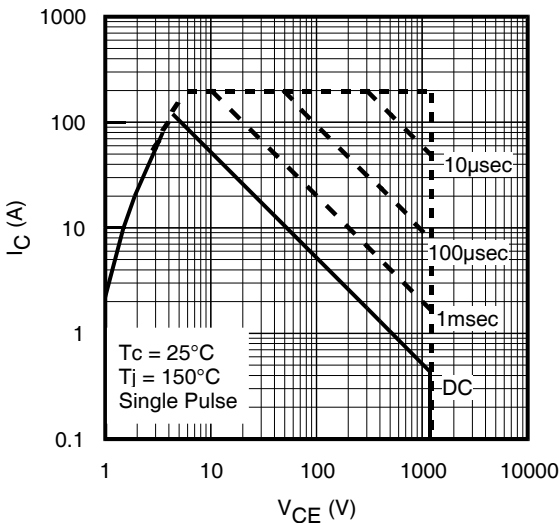
**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{RMS}$  of fundamental)



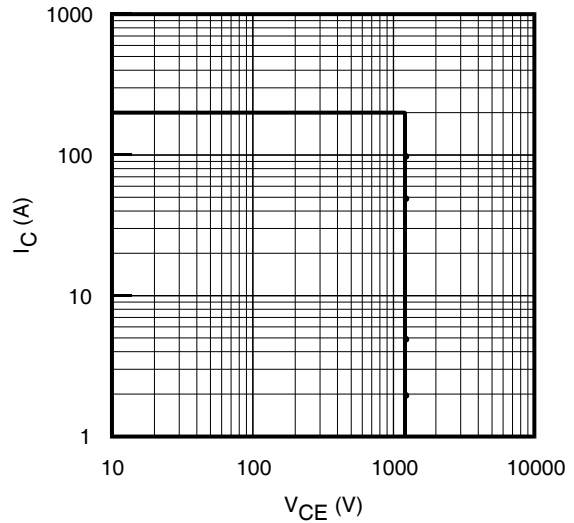
**Fig. 2 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature**



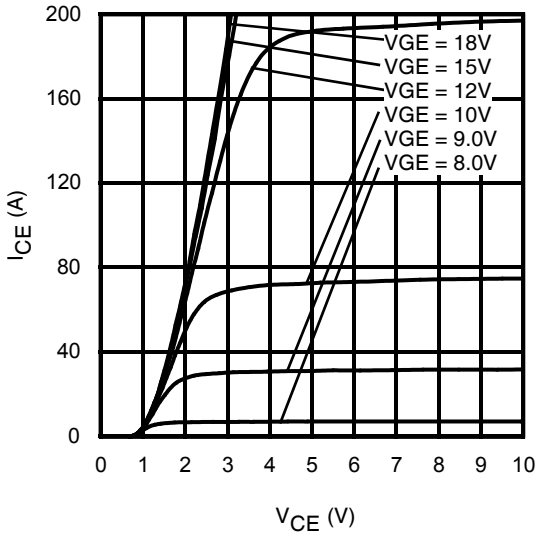
**Fig. 3 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature**



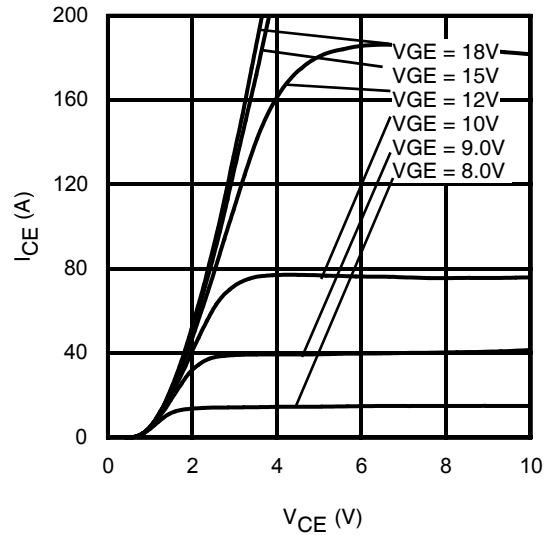
**Fig. 4 - Forward SOA**  
 $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



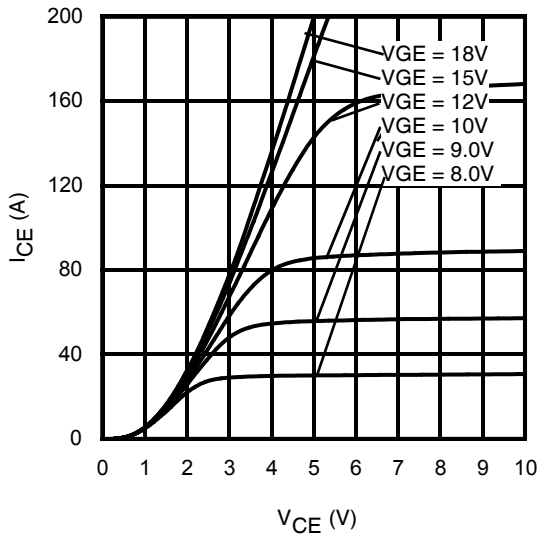
**Fig. 5- Reverse Bias SOA**  
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$



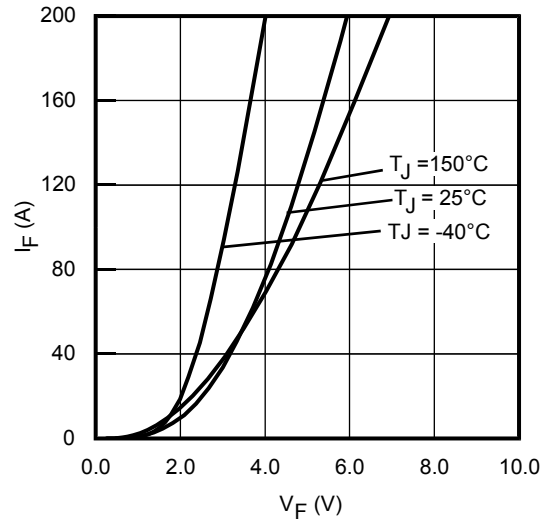
**Fig. 6** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$



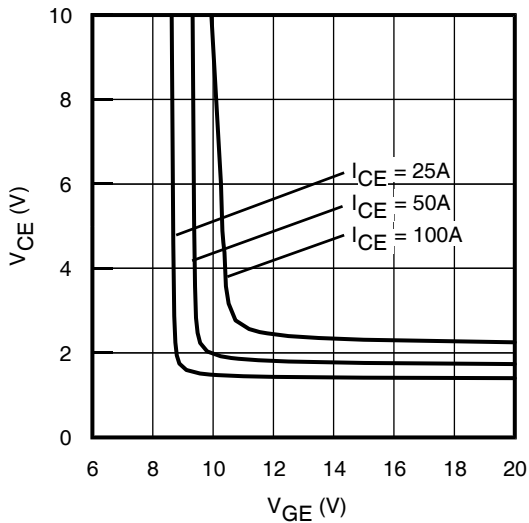
**Fig. 7** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$



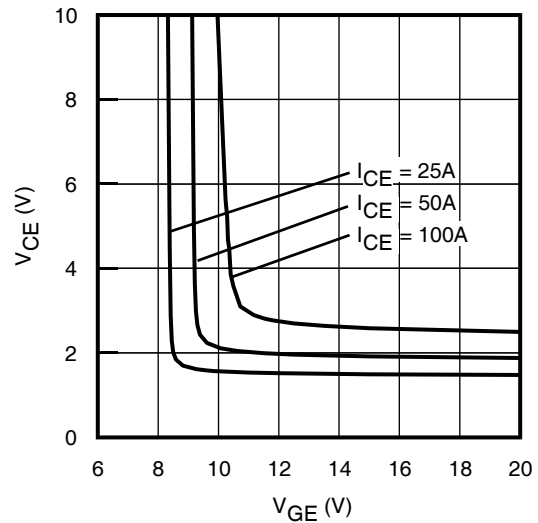
**Fig. 8** - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics  
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$



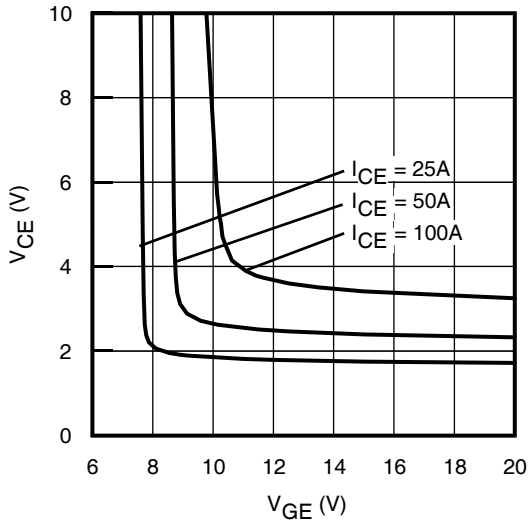
**Fig. 9** - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics  
 $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$



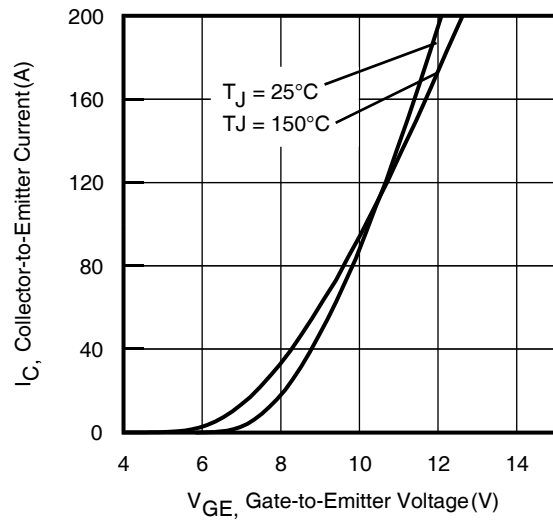
**Fig. 10** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$



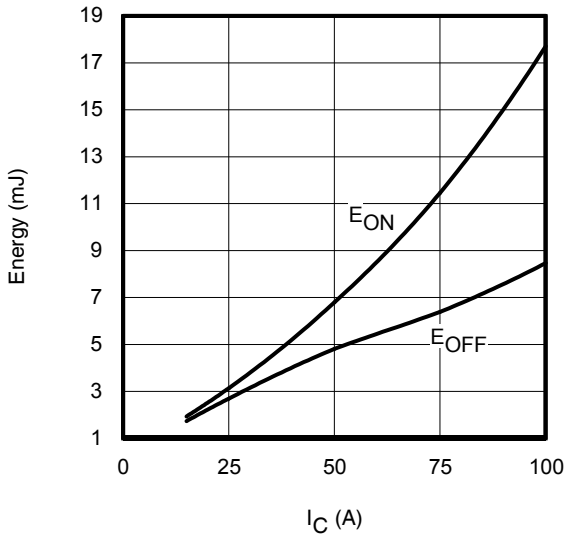
**Fig. 11** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



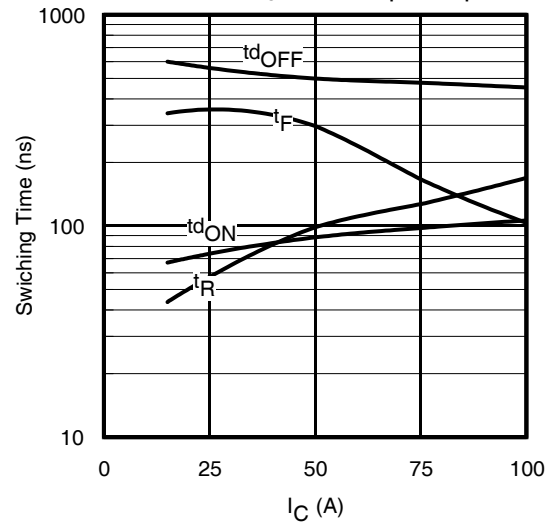
**Fig. 12** - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



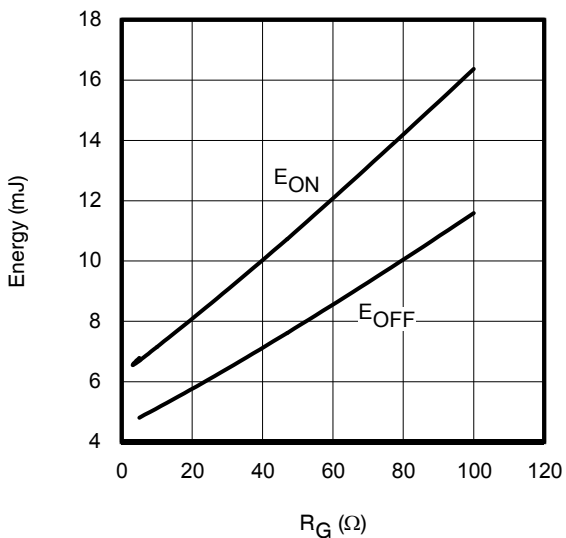
**Fig. 13** - Typ. Transfer Characteristics  
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$ ;  $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$



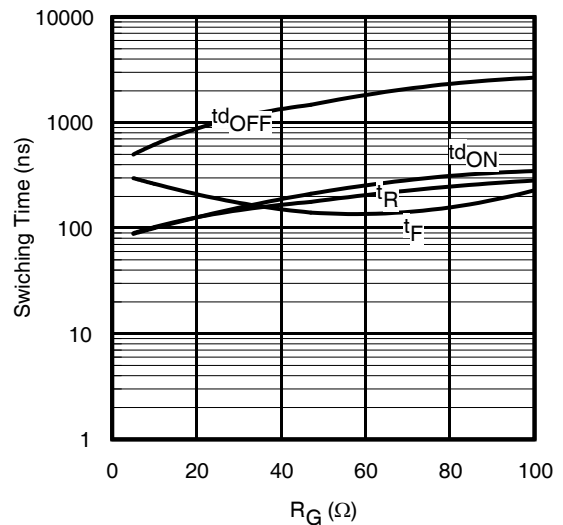
**Fig. 14** - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



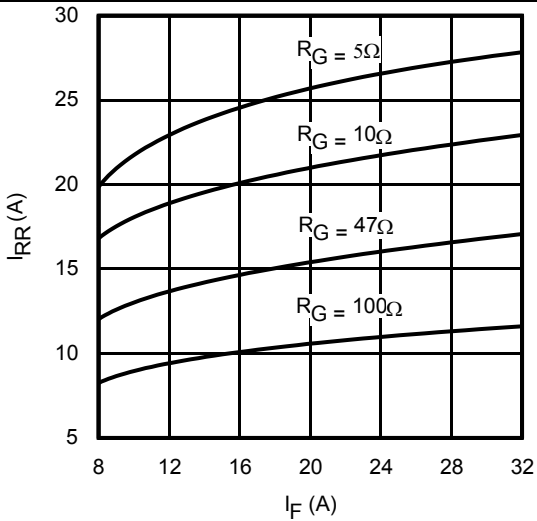
**Fig. 15** - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 5\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



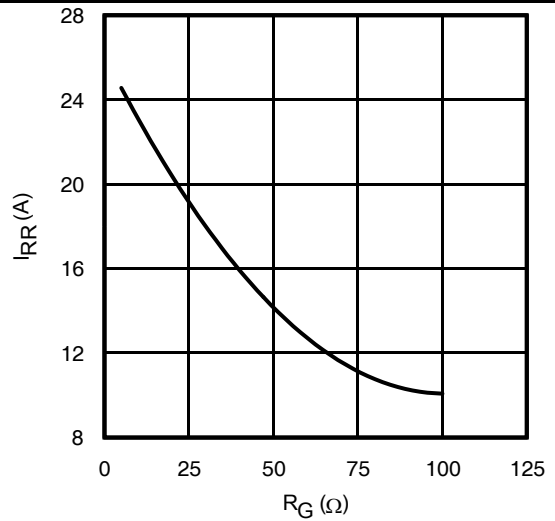
**Fig. 16** - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $R_G$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $I_{CE} = 50\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



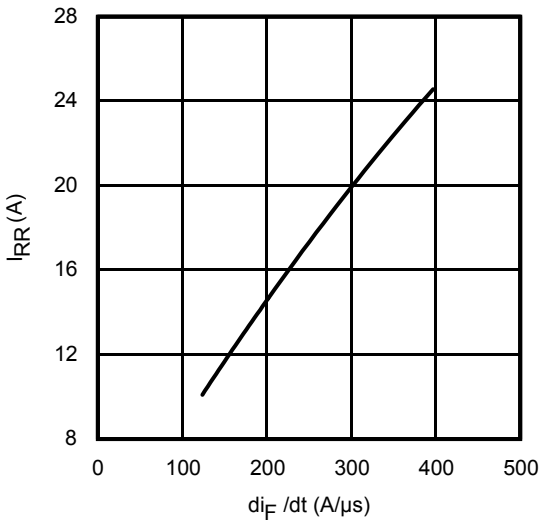
**Fig. 17** - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $R_G$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $I_{CE} = 50\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



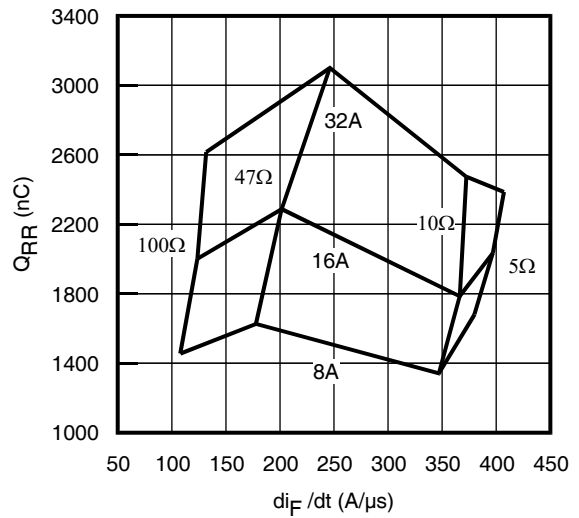
**Fig. 18** - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



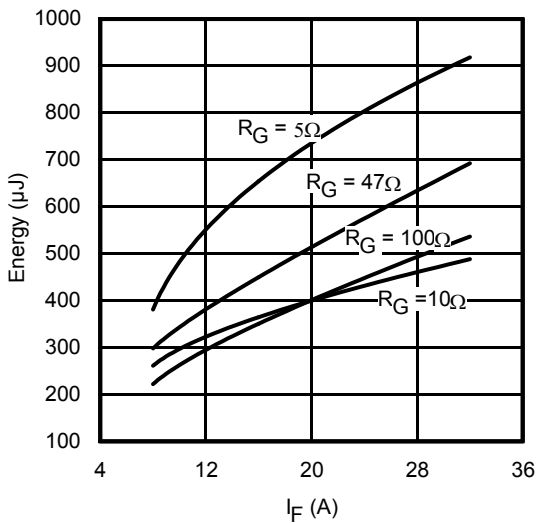
**Fig. 19** - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $R_G$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



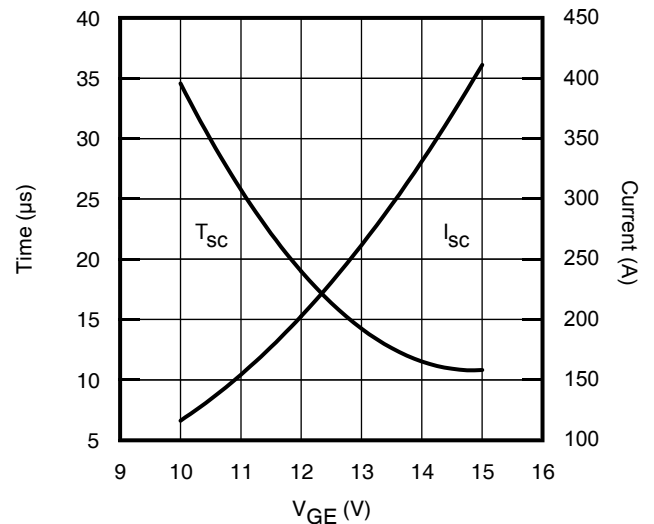
**Fig. 20** - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$   
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ ;  $I_F = 16\text{A}$ ;  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



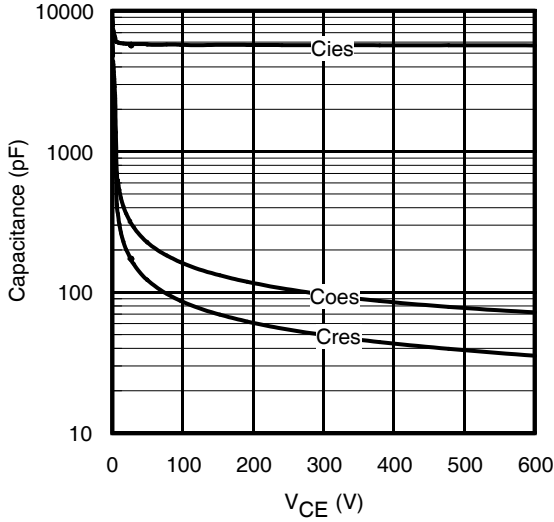
**Fig. 21** - Typ. Diode  $Q_{RR}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$   
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ ;  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



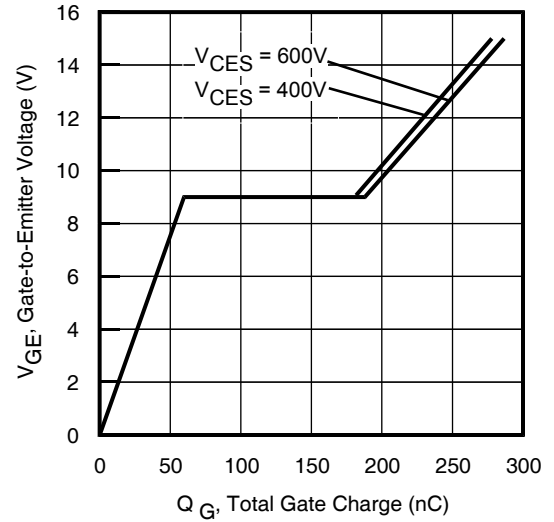
**Fig. 22** - Typ. Diode  $E_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$   
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$



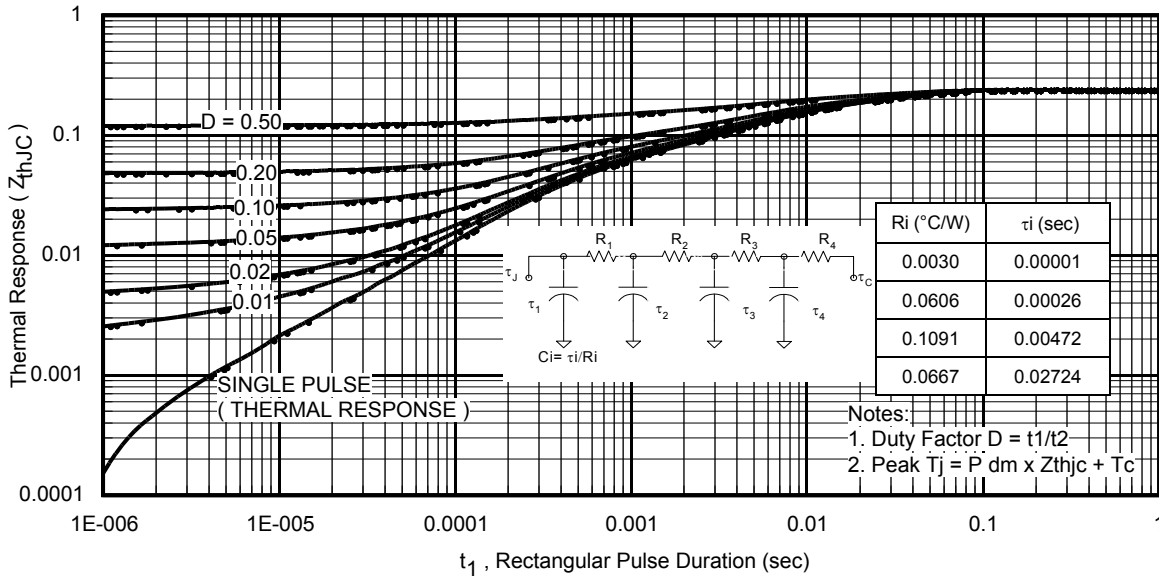
**Fig. 23** -  $V_{CE}$  vs. Short Circuit Time  
 $V_{cc} = 600\text{V}$ ;  $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$



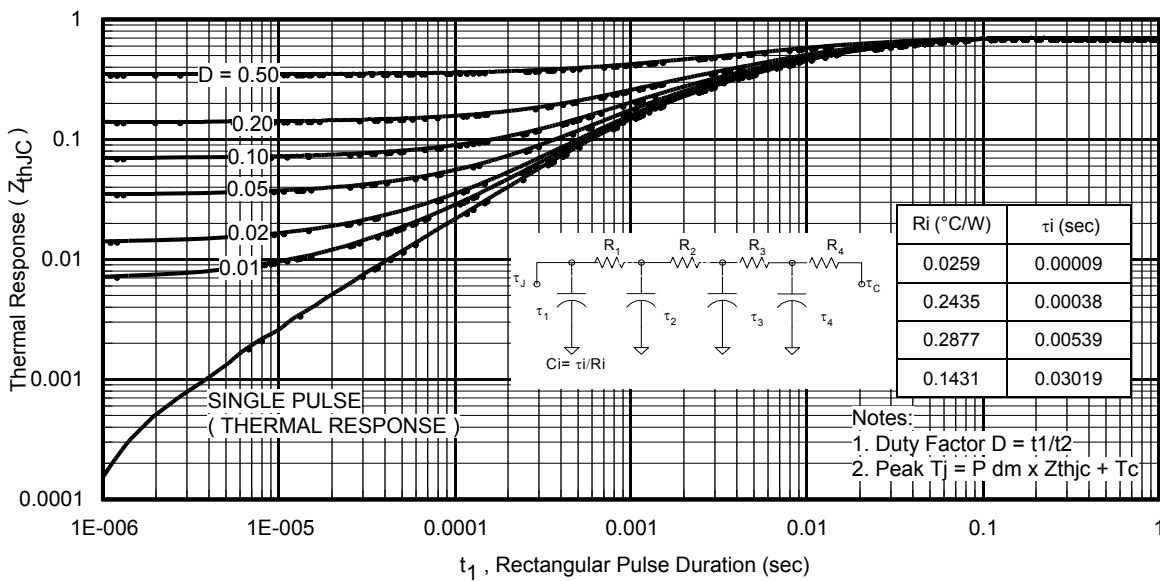
**Fig. 24 - Typ. Capacitance vs.  $V_{CE}$**   
 $V_{GE} = 0V$ ;  $f = 1MHz$



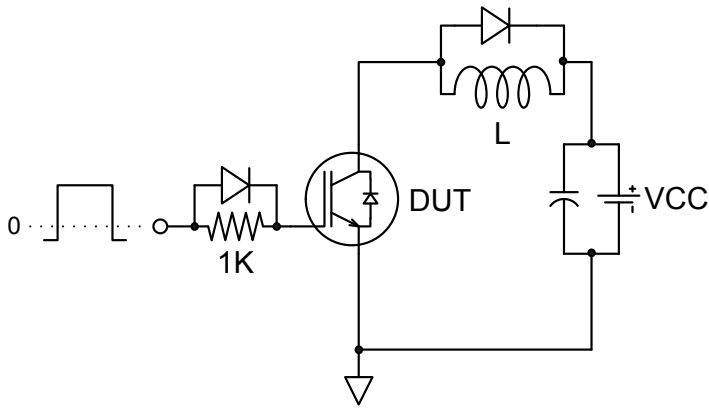
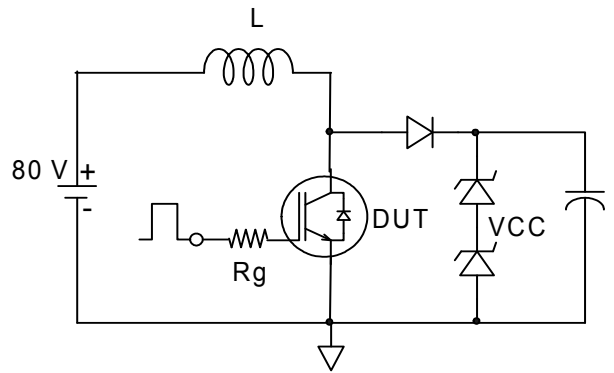
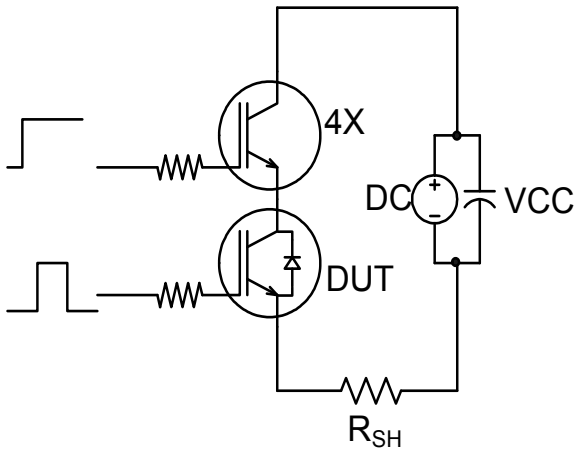
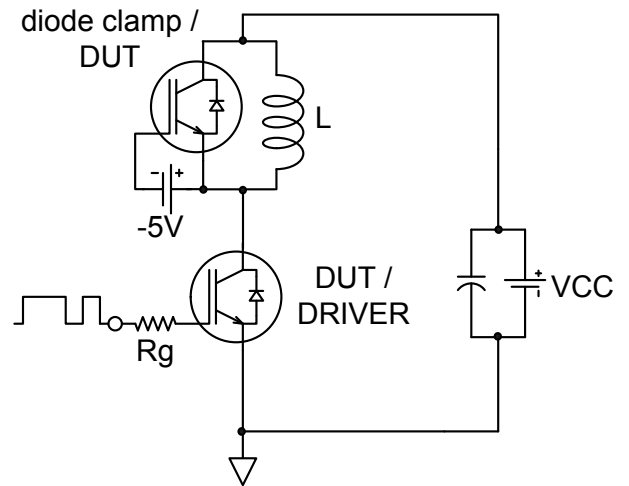
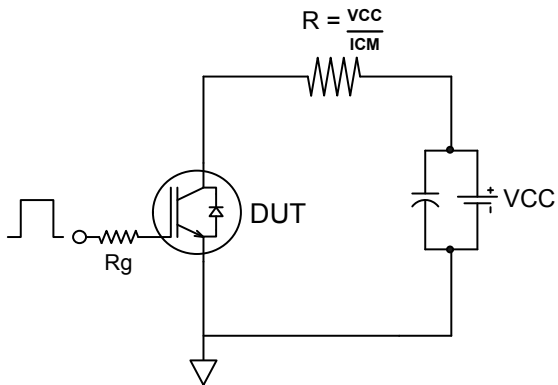
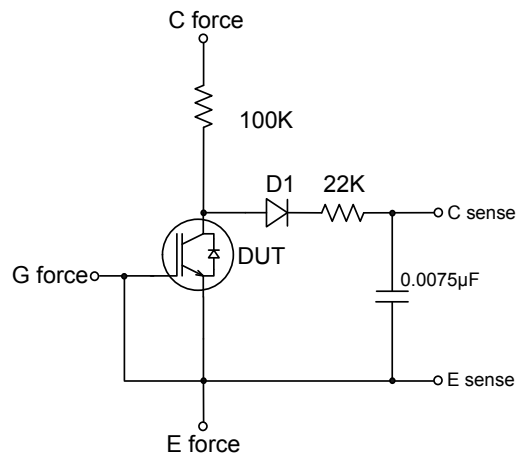
**Fig. 25 - Typical Gate Charge vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $I_{CE} = 50A$



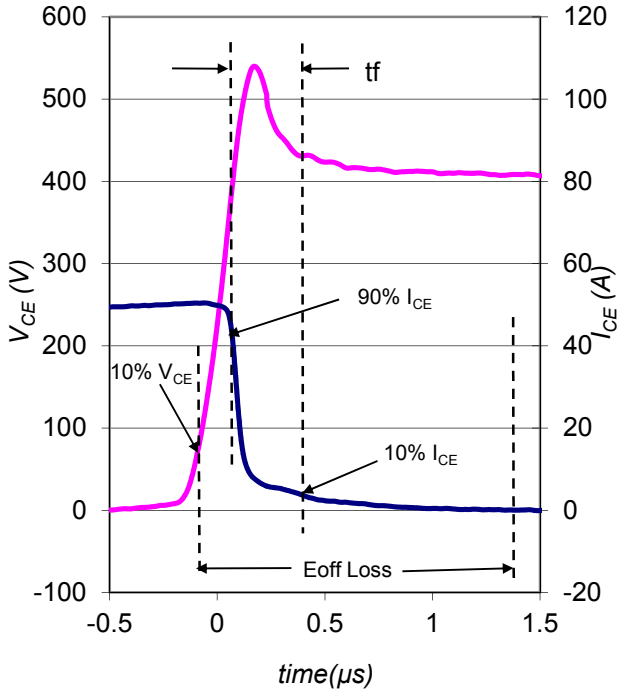
**Fig. 26 Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)**



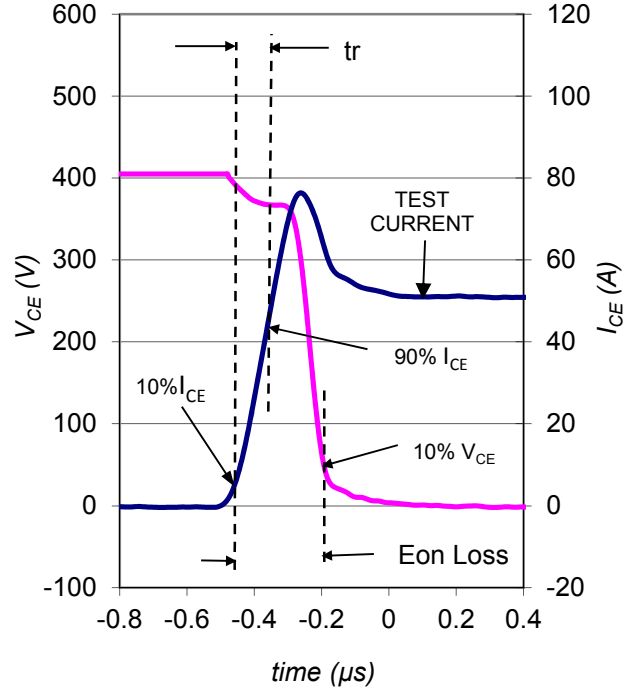
**Fig. 27 Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)**


**Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)**

**Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit**

**Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit**

**Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit**

**Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit**

**Fig.C.T.6 - BVCES Filter Circuit**

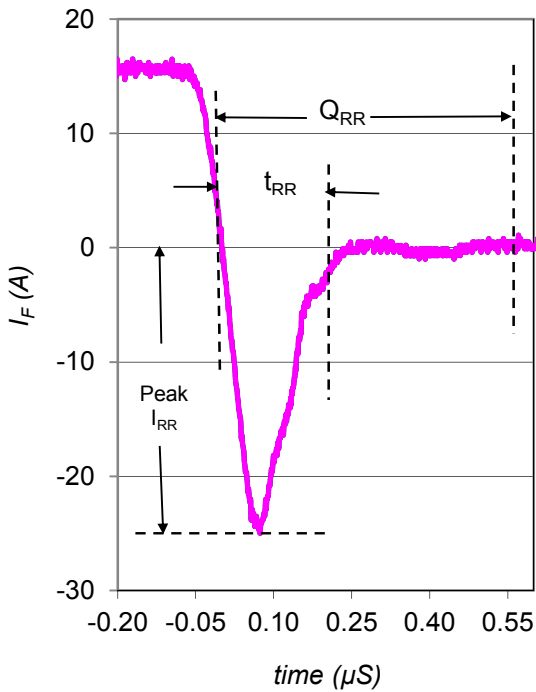




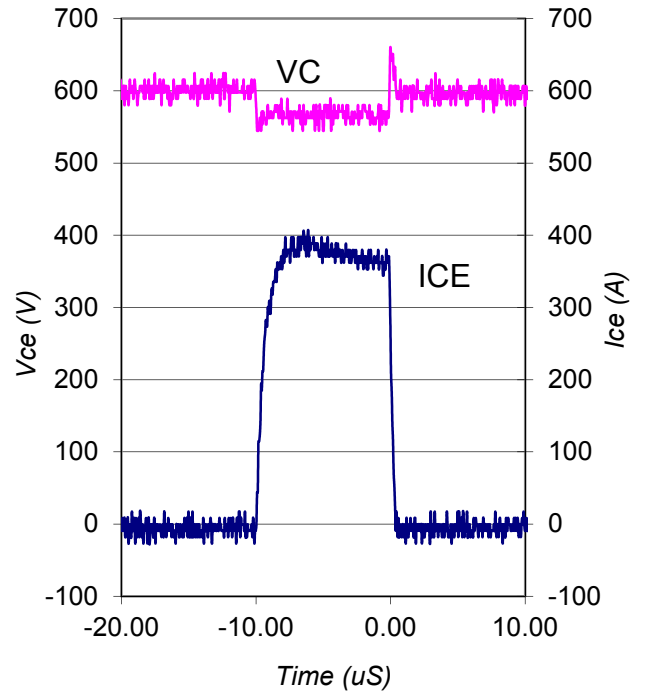
**Fig. WF1** - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF2** - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



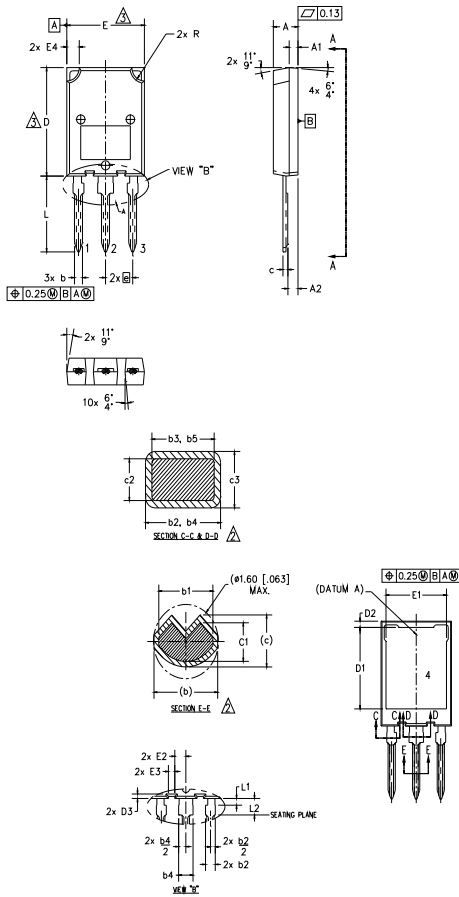
**Fig. WF3** - Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform  
@  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF4** - Typ. S.C. Waveform  
@  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.3

# Super -247(TO-274AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS b1, b3, b5, c1 & c3 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTER EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
6. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-274AA

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.50	5.50	.177	.217	
A1	1.45	2.15	.057	.085	
A2	1.65	2.35	.065	.093	
b	1.45	1.60	.054	.063	
b1	1.40	1.50	.055	.059	2
b2	2.00	2.40	.079	.094	
b3	1.95	2.35	.077	.093	2
b4	3.00	3.15	.118	.124	
b5	2.95	3.35	.116	.132	2
c	1.10	1.30	.043	.051	
c1	0.90	1.10	.035	.043	2
c2	0.65	0.85	.026	.033	
c3	0.50	0.70	.020	.028	2
D	19.80	20.80	.780	.819	3
D1	15.50	16.10	.610	.634	
D2	0.70	1.30	.028	.051	
D3	0.75	1.25	.030	.049	
E	15.10	16.10	.594	.634	3
E1	13.30	13.90	.524	.547	
E2	2.25	2.70	.089	.109	
E3	1.20	1.70	.047	.067	
E4	2.00	3.00	.079	.118	
e	5.45 BSC		.215 BSC		
L	13.80	14.80	.535	.583	
L1	1.00	1.60	.039	.063	
L2	3.85	4.25	.152	.167	
R	2.00	3.00	.079	.118	

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

**MOSFET**

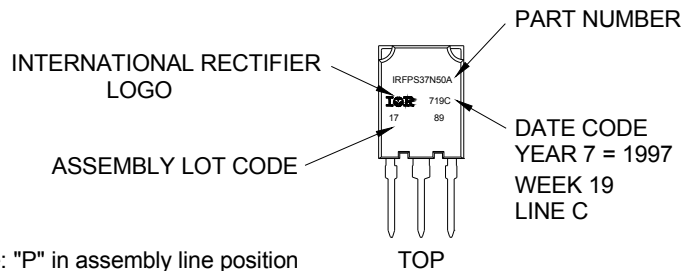
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

**IGBT**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

## Super -247 (TO-274AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPS37N50A WITH  
ASSEMBLY LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"



Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"

Super -247 package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

**Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>**

<b>Qualification Level</b>	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F) <sup>††</sup>	
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>	Super-247	N/A
<b>RoHS Compliant</b>	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

†† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International  
 Rectifier

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